

FIG.1

PRIOR ART

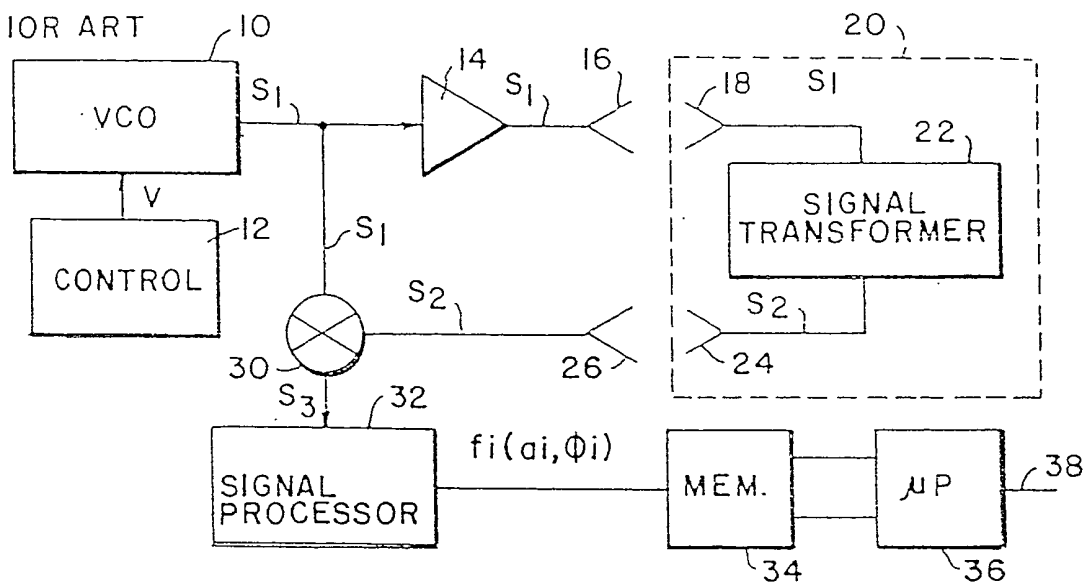


FIG.2

PRIOR ART

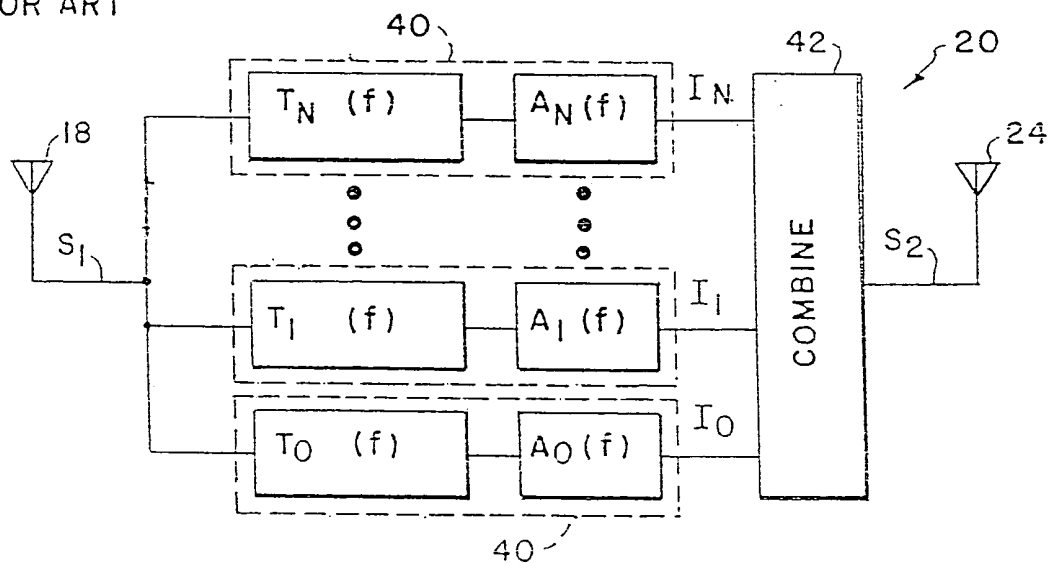


FIG.3A

PRIOR ART

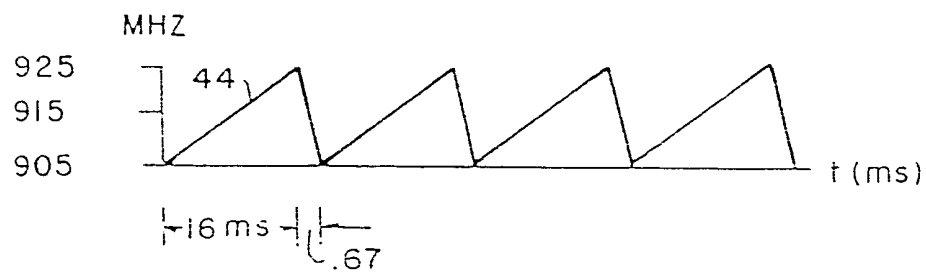


FIG.3B

PRIOR ART

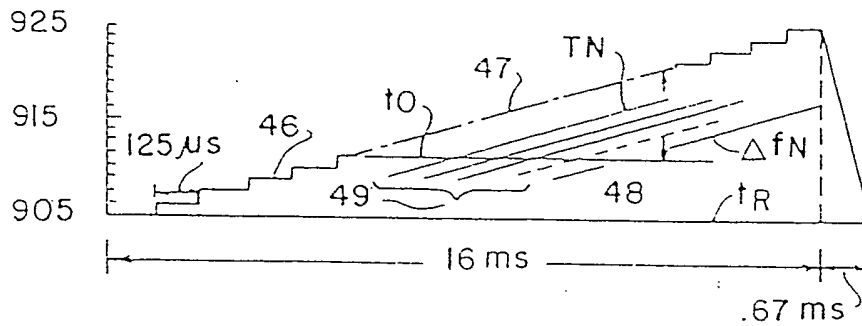


FIG.4

PRIOR ART

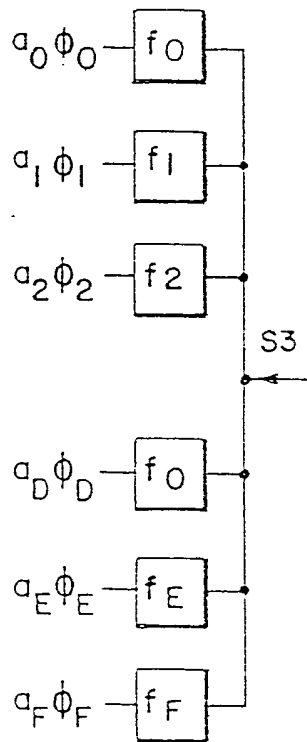


FIG.5

PRIOR ART

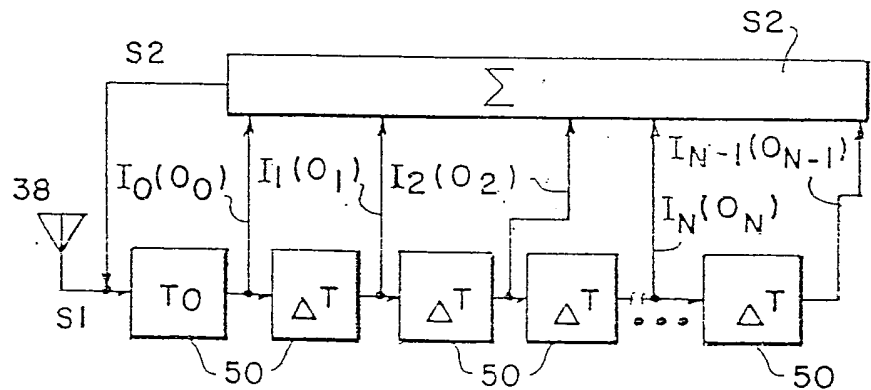


FIG.7

PRIOR ART

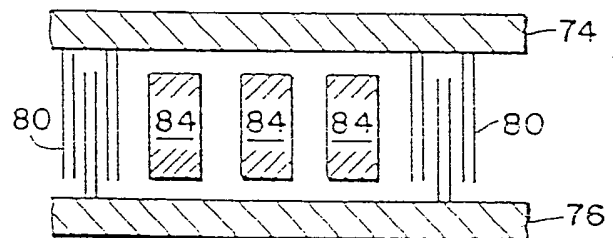


FIG.6

PRIOR ART

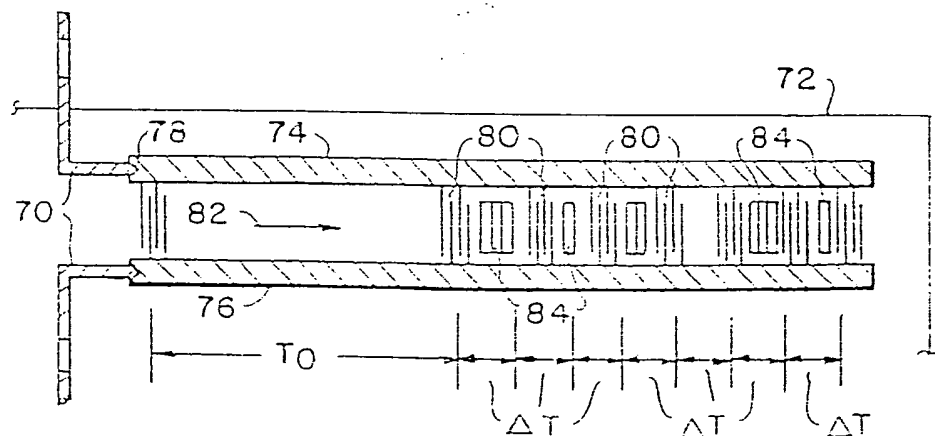


FIG. 8A

PRIOR ART

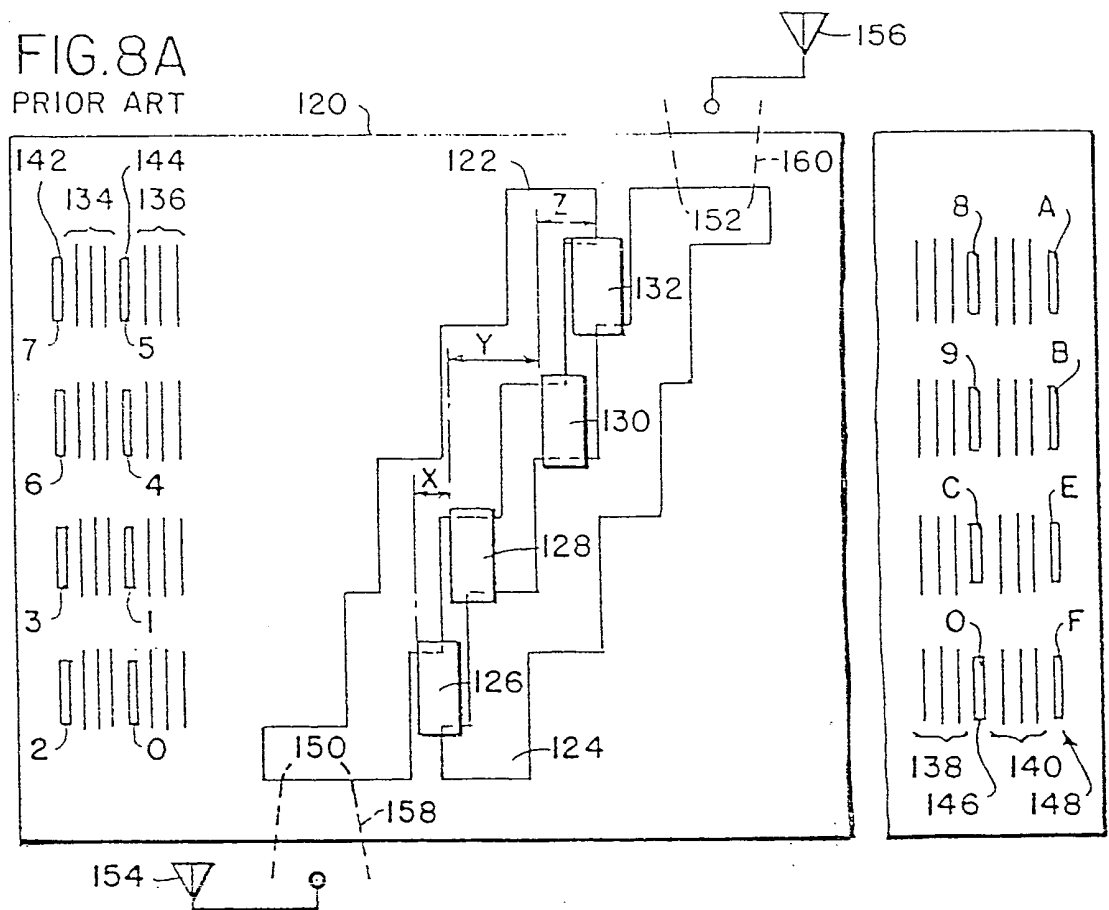
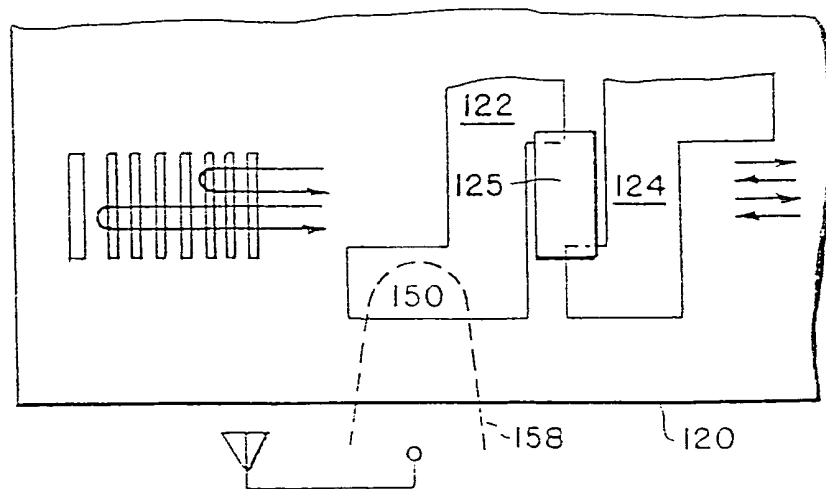


FIG. 8B

PRIOR ART



A diagram of a rectangular element. The width is labeled B and the height is labeled ΔT .

A diagram of a rectangular grid with 4 rows and 8 columns. The left side is labeled "Bx" with a vertical double-headed arrow indicating the height of the grid.

T_f INFORMATION CELL DISTRIBUTED OVER TIME AND FREQUENCY T_I
 $3\mu s$ $T_I - T_f$ $23\mu s$

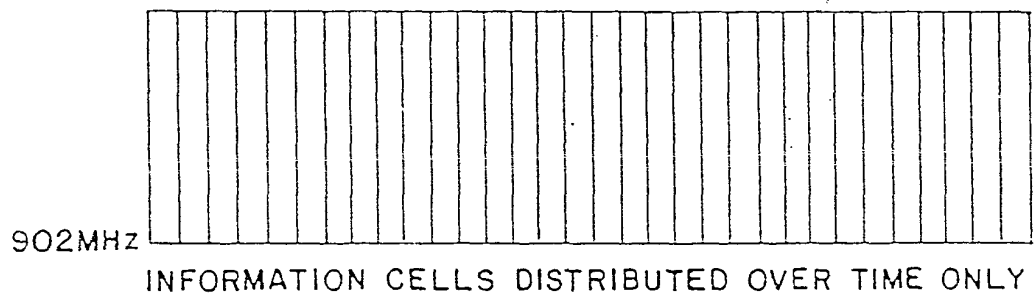


Diagram illustrating the encoded location for an information cell in the complex plane. The horizontal axis is labeled 'REAL' and the vertical axis is labeled 'IMAG'. A 4x4 grid of points is shown, with the center point labeled 'ENCODED LOCATION FOR INFORMATION CELL'. A dashed line connects the center point to a point on a circular arc on the right.

LOCATION INFORMATION

IMAG

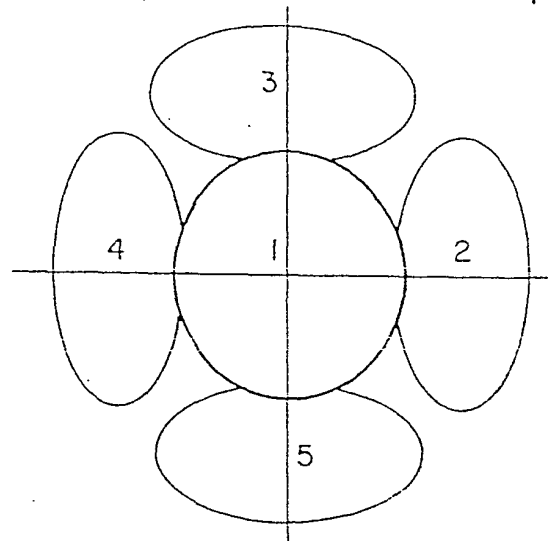
ENCODED LOCATION FOR INFORMATION CELL

REAL

#1 CELL NOT USED

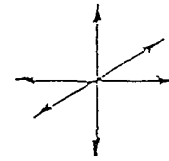
QAM (18) ENCODING
POLAR MODULATION
(BETTER SUITED SAW APPLICATION)

FIG. IIA



BEAM PATTERN COVERAGE USING PATCH LIKE ANTENNA (PROJECTION VIEW)

FIG. IIB



POLARIZATION AXES
POLARIZATION COVERAGE

SPATIAL DISCRIMINATION MULTI-READ
POINTS
SPATIAL COVERAGE

FIG. IIC

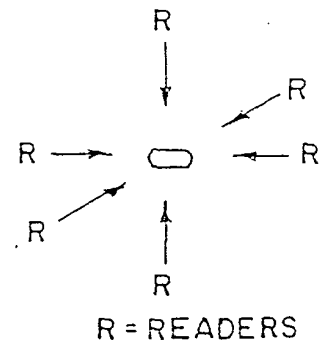


FIG. I2A

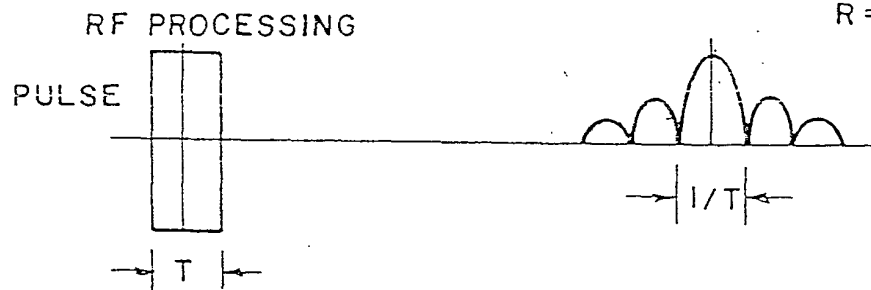


FIG. I2B

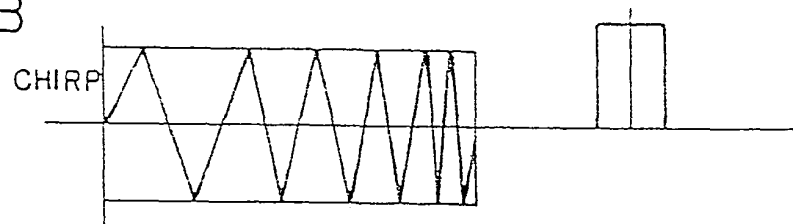


FIG. I2C

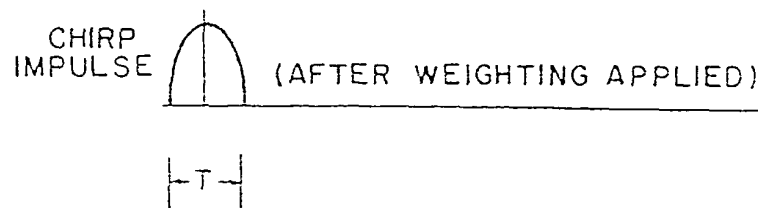
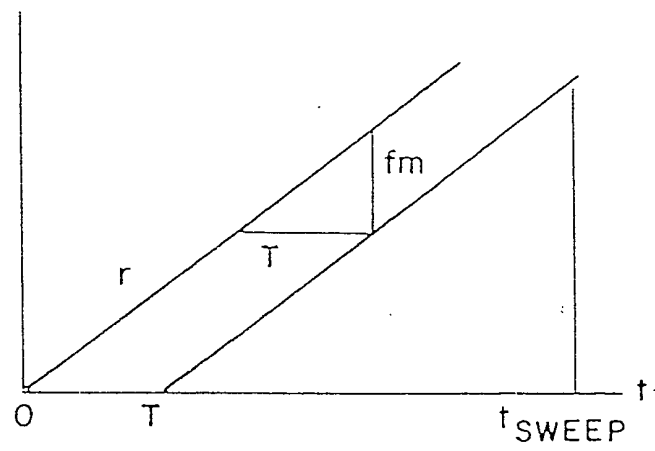


FIG.12D



$$f_m = \text{Tr}$$

$$t_{\text{SWEEP}} = \text{SWEEP TIME}$$
 $1/t_{\text{SWEEP}} = \text{NOISE BANDWIDTH OF DETECTOR}$

FIG.13

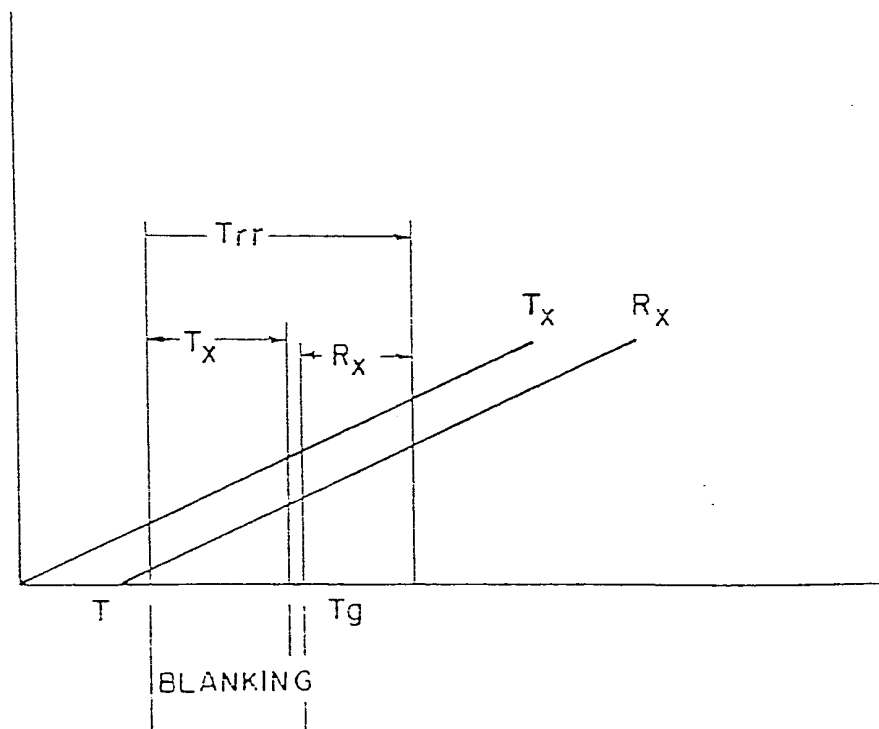
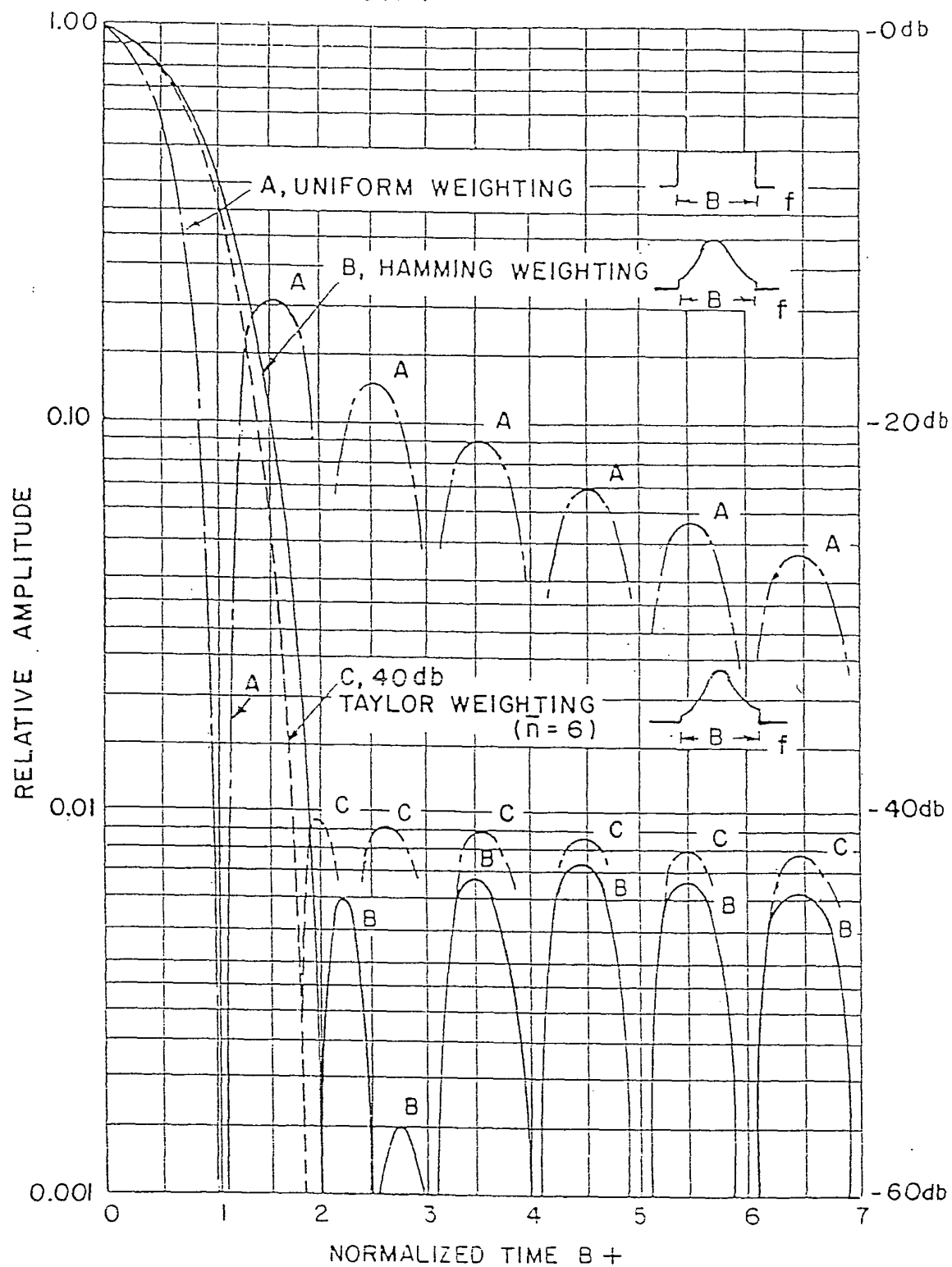


FIG.14



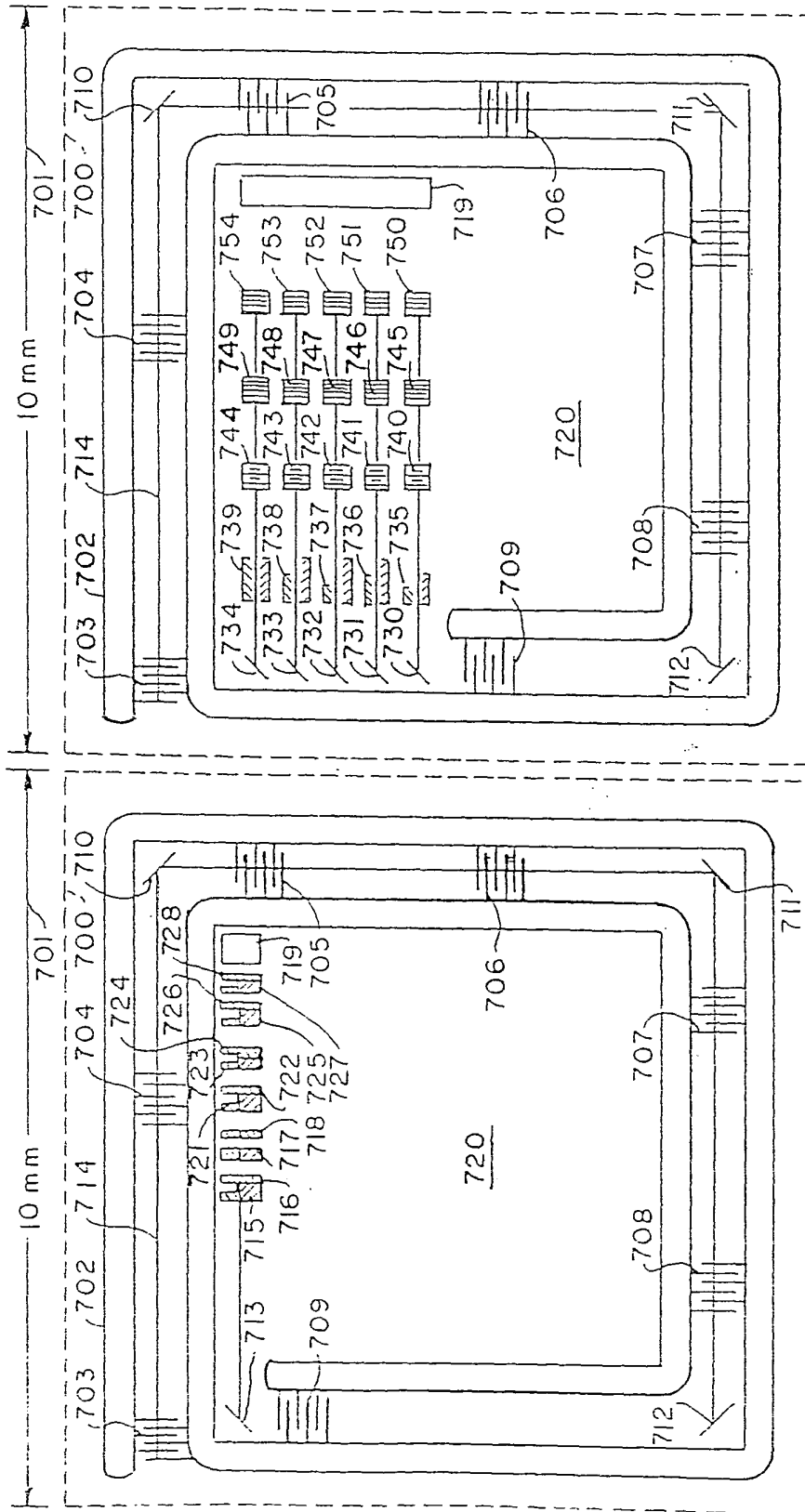


FIG. 15

FIG. 16

TRANSDUCER SELECTED FOR 1 OF N FREQ. BANDS. TRANSDUCER SELECTED FOR 1 OF N FREQ. BANDS

HIGH EFFICIENCY CORNER REFLECTOR

PARTIAL 90 DEG. REFLECTOR

AMPLITUDE WEIGHTED DELAY PAD

BROAD BAND PARTIAL REFLECTOR

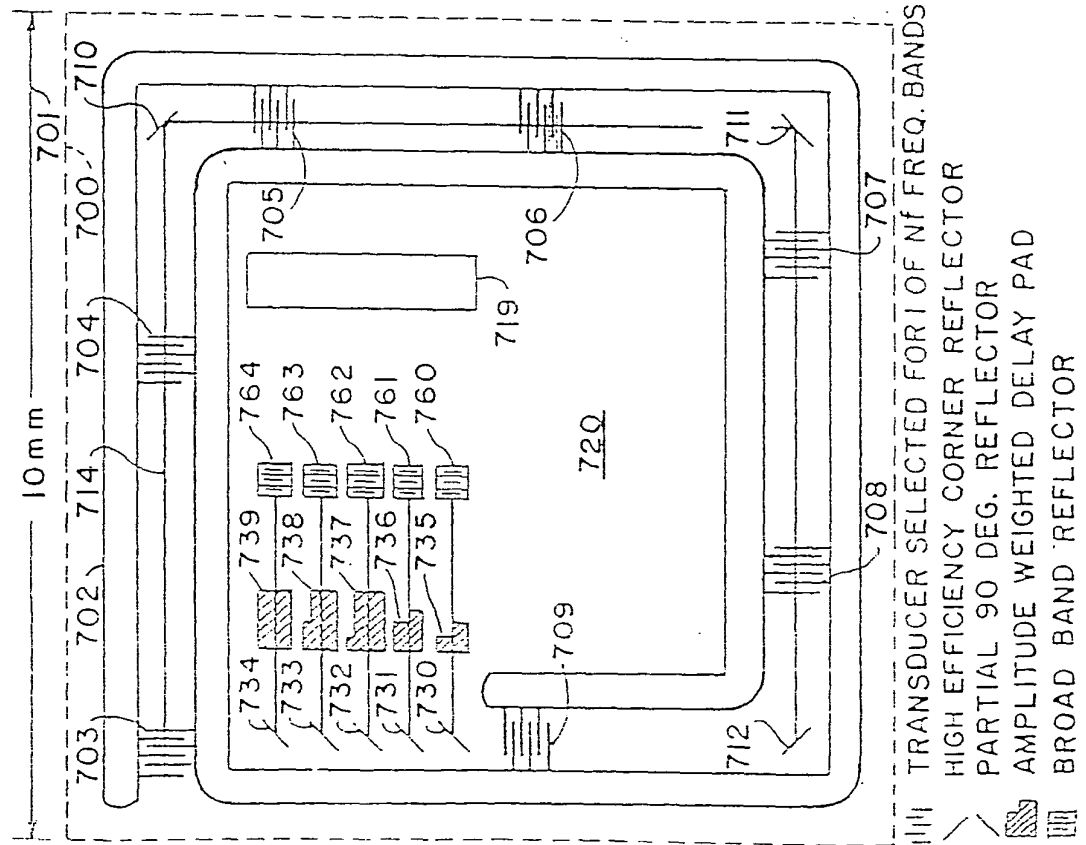


FIG.17

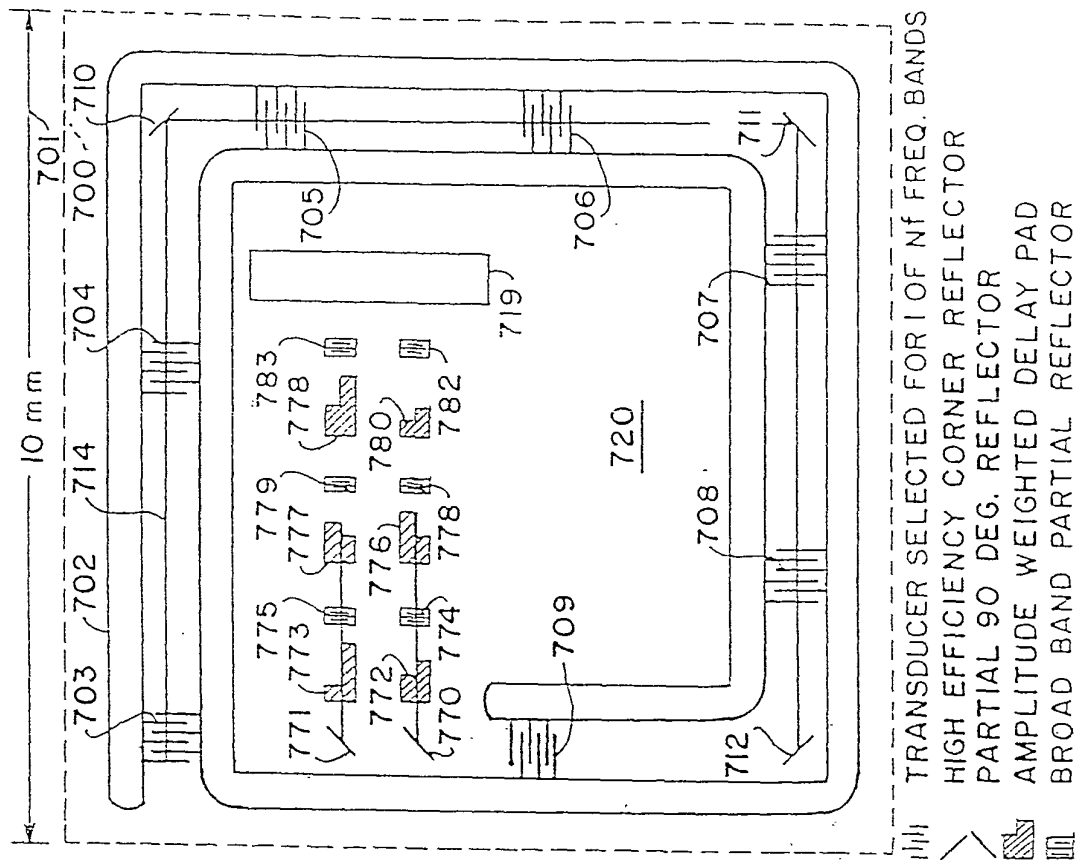


FIG.18

FIG.19A

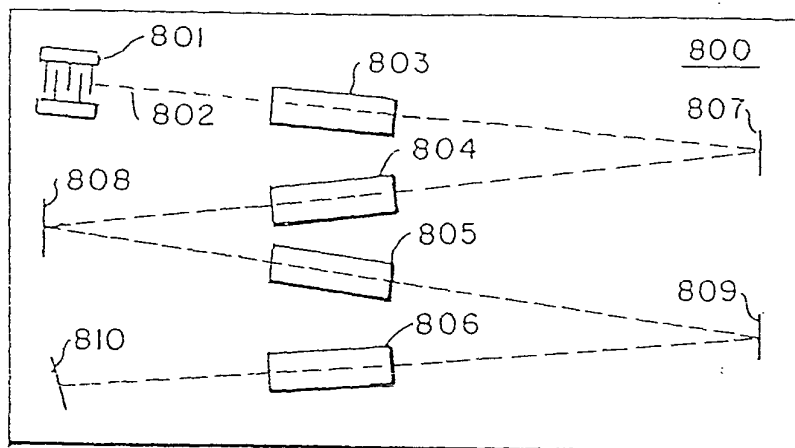


FIG.19B

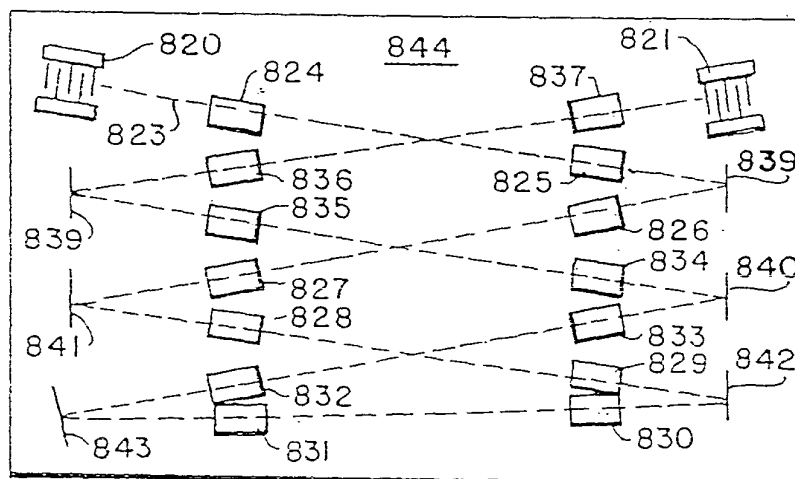
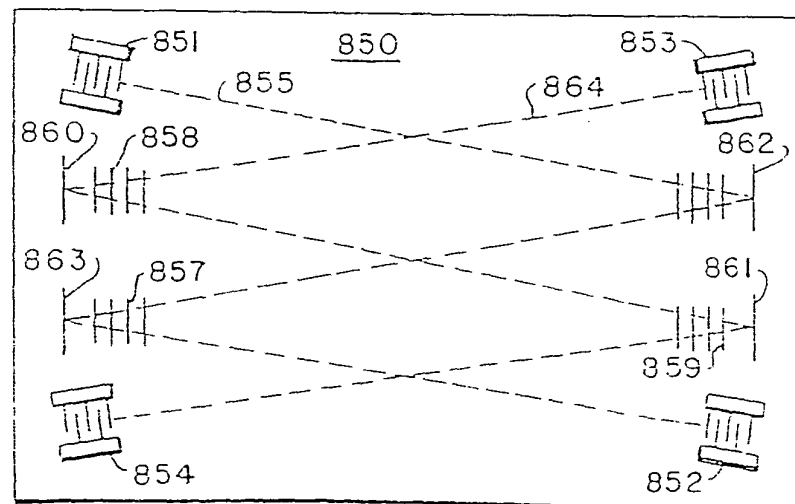


FIG.19C



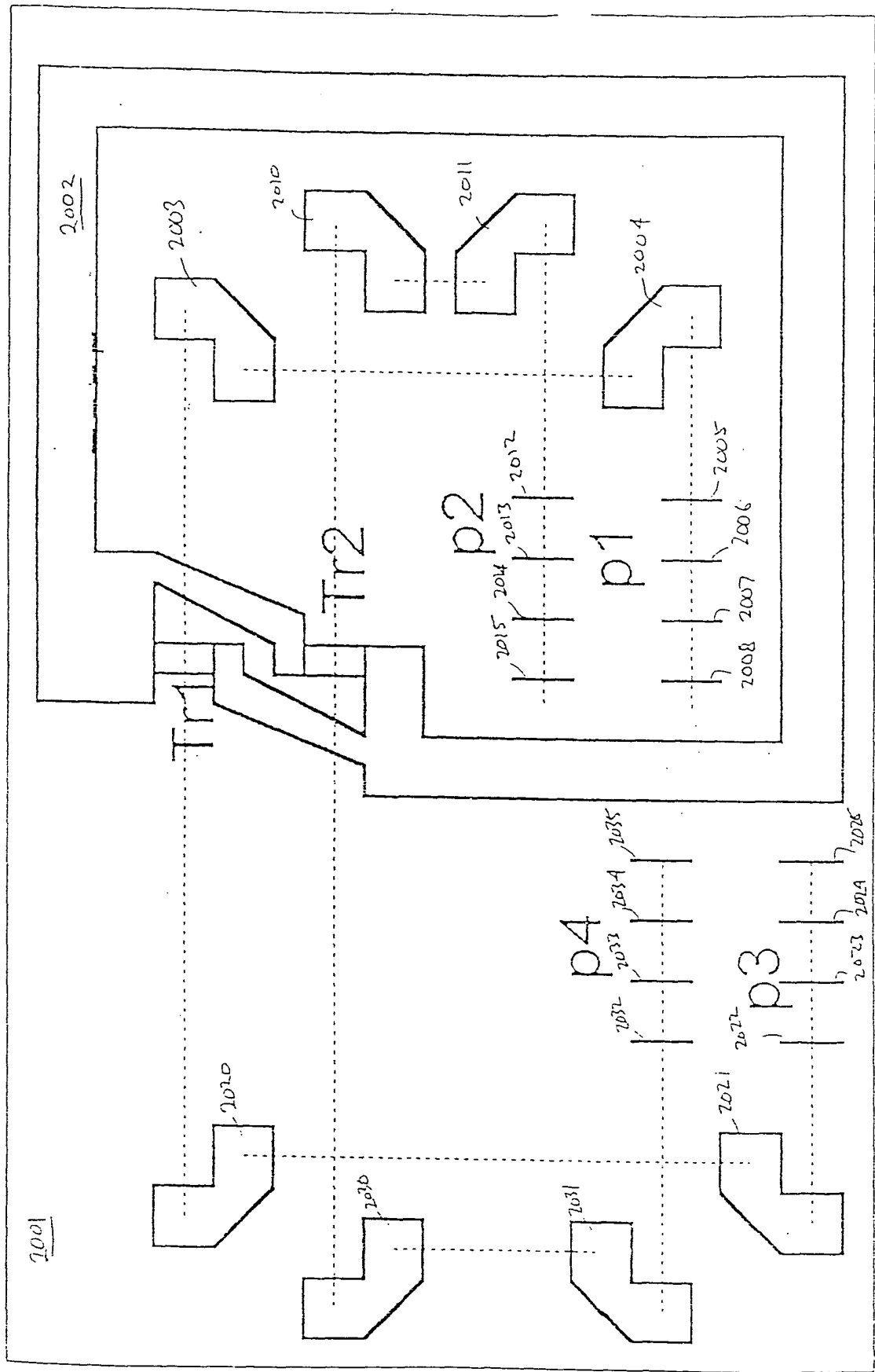


Fig. 20

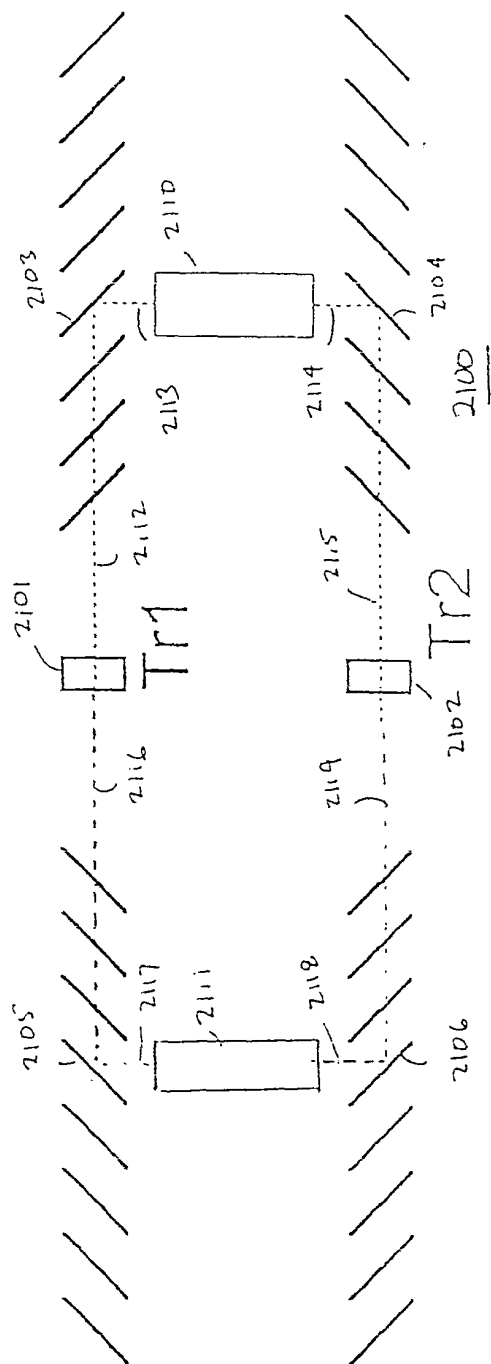


Fig. 21

Calculation of element reflection and resultant loss per tap (excluding transducer loss)
for 16 tap RAC (8 taps on each side of transducers)

Parameters : top = prop. loss between taps (200 ns delay)
rsp0 = refl. coeff. of 1st tap (one RAC element)
rl0 = prop. loss of 1st tap (1us delay)(dB)

$$\text{top} := 0.977$$

$$\text{rp}_0 := 0.04$$

$$\text{rl}_0 := 1.0$$

$$\text{rsp}_0 := \sqrt{\text{rp}_0}$$

$$i := 1..7$$

$$\text{rp}_i := \frac{\text{rp}_{i-1}}{1 - \text{rp}_{i-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{\text{top}}$$

$$\text{rl}_i := (1 - \text{rp}_i) \cdot \text{top} \cdot \frac{\text{rp}_i}{\text{rp}_{i-1}} \quad \text{rsp}_i := \sqrt{\text{rp}_i}$$

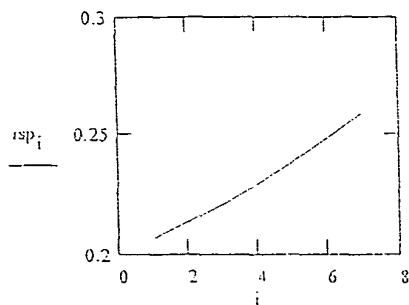
$$\text{tloss}_i := 20 \cdot \log(\text{rl}_i \cdot \text{rp}_0) - 1.0$$

$$\text{tloss}_0 := 20 \cdot \log(\text{rp}_0) - 1.0$$

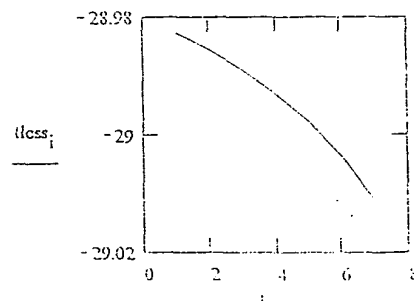
$$\text{rsp} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 0.207 \\ 0.214 \\ 0.221 \\ 0.229 \\ 0.238 \\ 0.248 \\ 0.259 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{rl} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.997 \\ 0.997 \\ 0.997 \\ 0.996 \\ 0.996 \\ 0.995 \\ 0.994 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{tloss} = \begin{bmatrix} -28.959 \\ -28.983 \\ -28.986 \\ -28.989 \\ -28.993 \\ -28.998 \\ -29.004 \\ -29.011 \end{bmatrix}$$



element reflection as funct. of tap #



transm. loss as funct. of tap #, dB

Fig. 22

Calculation of element reflection and resultant loss per tap (excluding transducer loss)
for 16 tap RAC. (8 taps on each side of transducers)

Parameters : top = prop. loss between taps (200 ns delay)
rsp0 = refl. coeff. of 1st tap (one RAC element)
rl0 = prop. loss of 1st tap (1us delay)(dB)

$$\text{top} := 0.977$$

$$rp_0 := 0.0625$$

$$rl_0 := 1.0$$

$$rsp_0 := \sqrt{rp_0}$$

$$i := 1..7$$

$$rp_i := \frac{rp_{i-1}}{1 - rp_{i-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{\text{top}}$$

$$rl_i := (1 - rp_i) \cdot \text{top} \cdot \frac{rp_i}{rp_{i-1}}$$

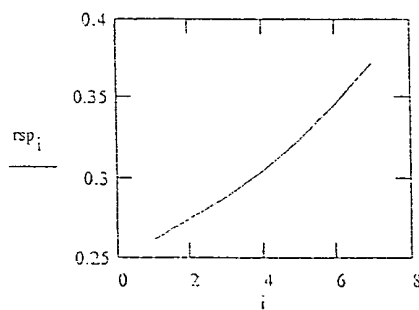
$$rsp_i := \sqrt{rp_i}$$

$$\text{tloss}_i := 20 \cdot \log(rl_i \cdot rp_0) - 1.0$$

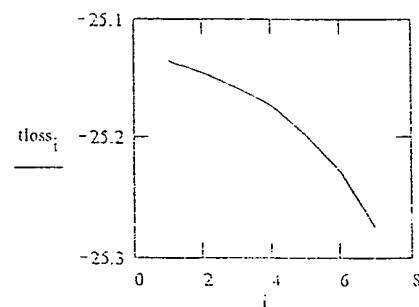
$$\text{tloss}_0 := 20 \cdot \log(rp_0) - 1.0$$

$$\text{rsp} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 \\ 0.261 \\ 0.274 \\ 0.288 \\ 0.304 \\ 0.323 \\ 0.345 \\ 0.372 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{rl} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.994 \\ 0.993 \\ 0.991 \\ 0.989 \\ 0.987 \\ 0.983 \\ 0.978 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{tloss} = \begin{bmatrix} -25.082 \\ -25.136 \\ -25.145 \\ -25.158 \\ -25.174 \\ -25.197 \\ -25.228 \\ -25.275 \end{bmatrix}$$



element reflection as funct. of tap #



trans. loss as funct. of tap #, dB

Fig. 23

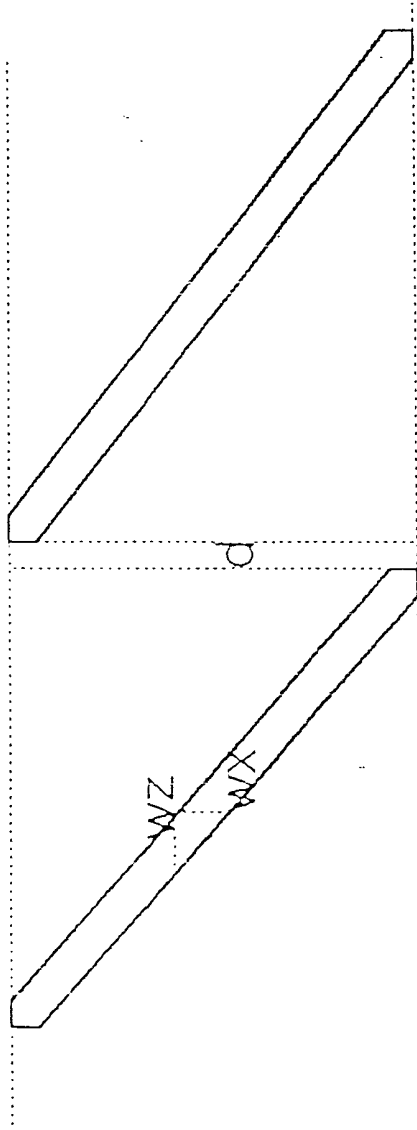


Fig. 24

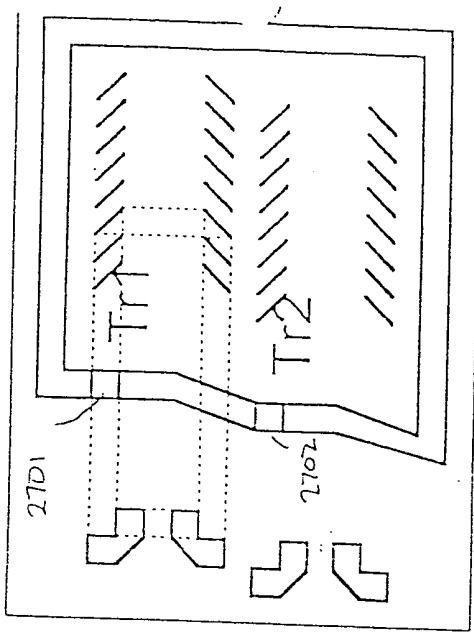


Fig. 27

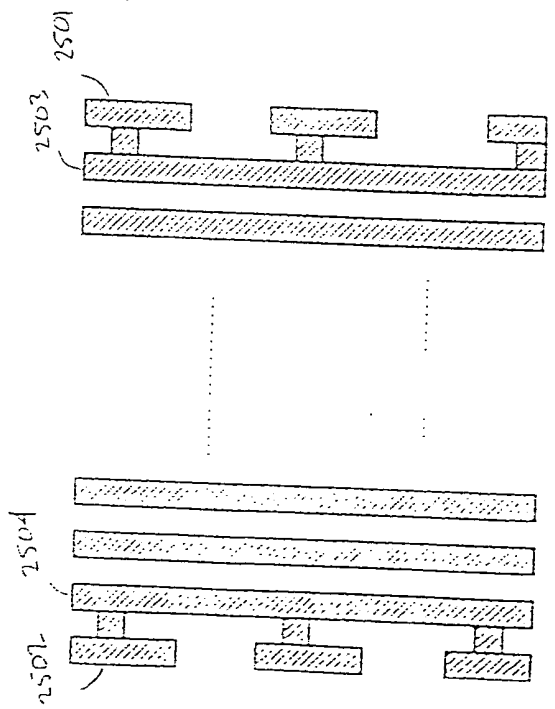


Fig. 25

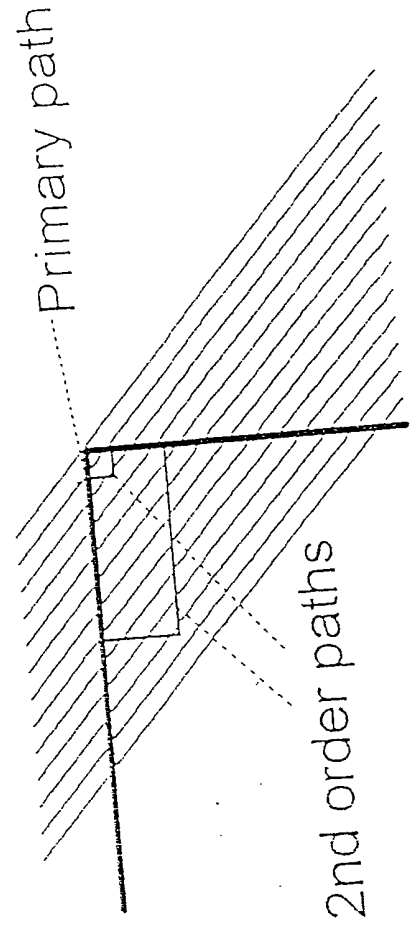


Fig. 26

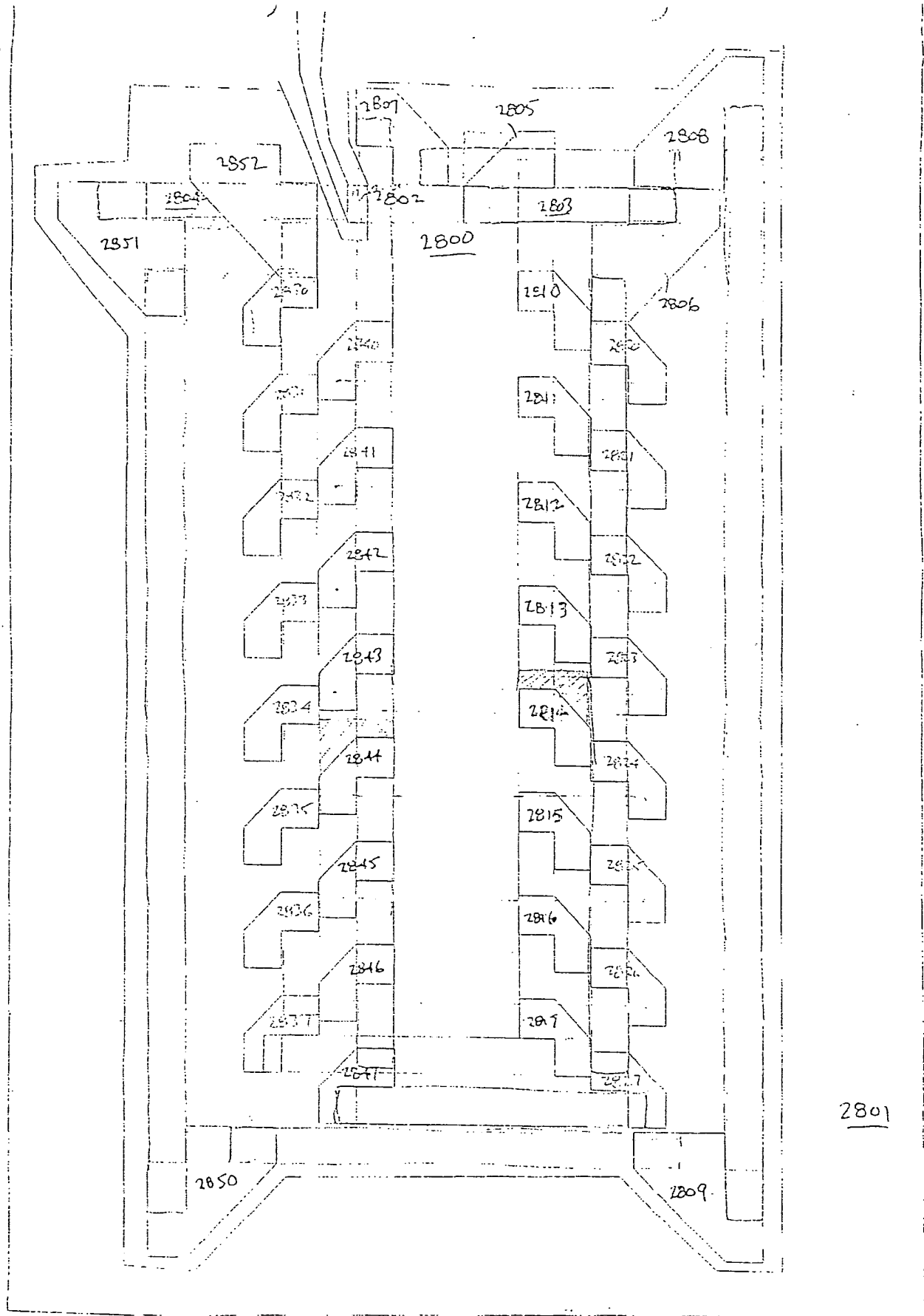
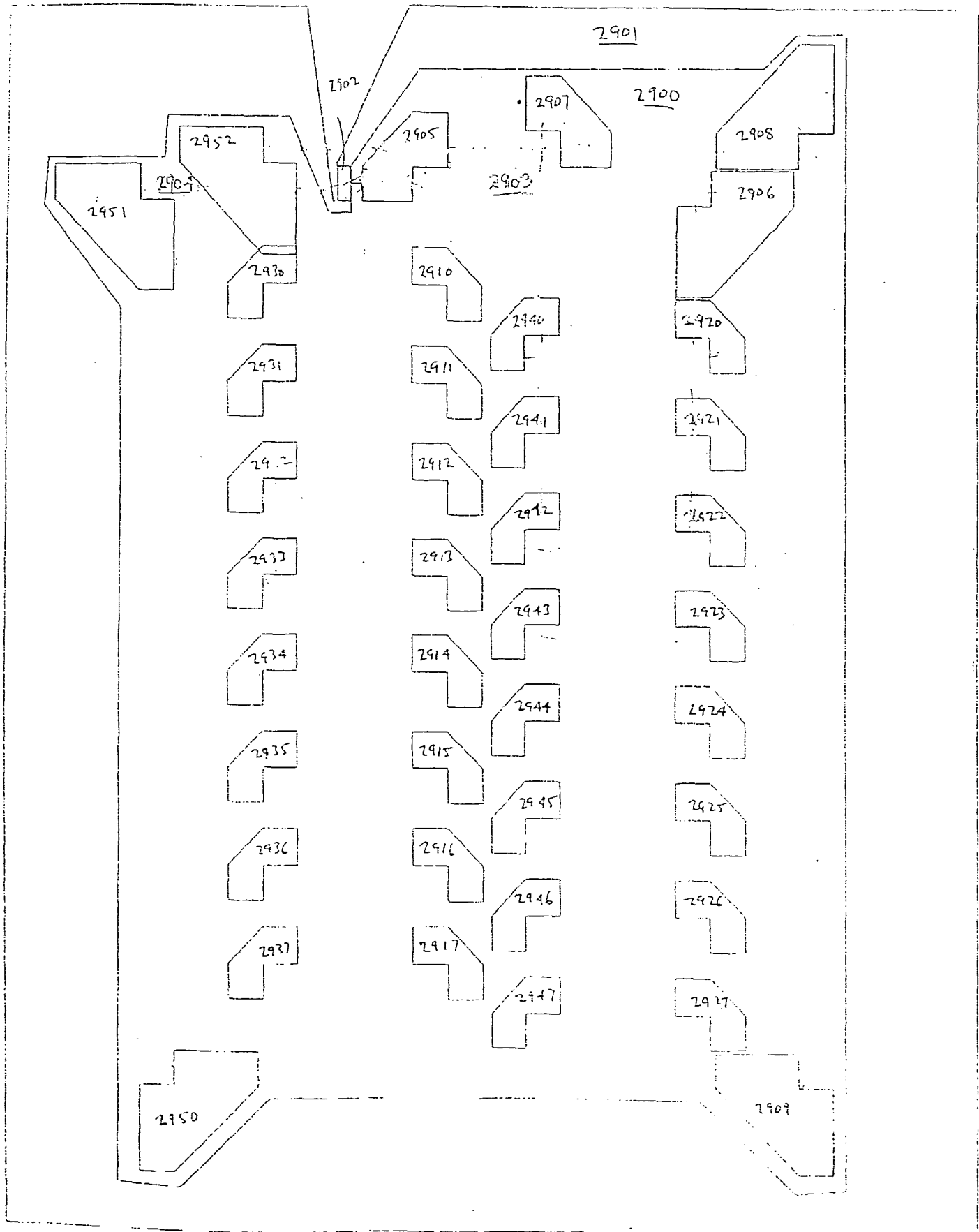
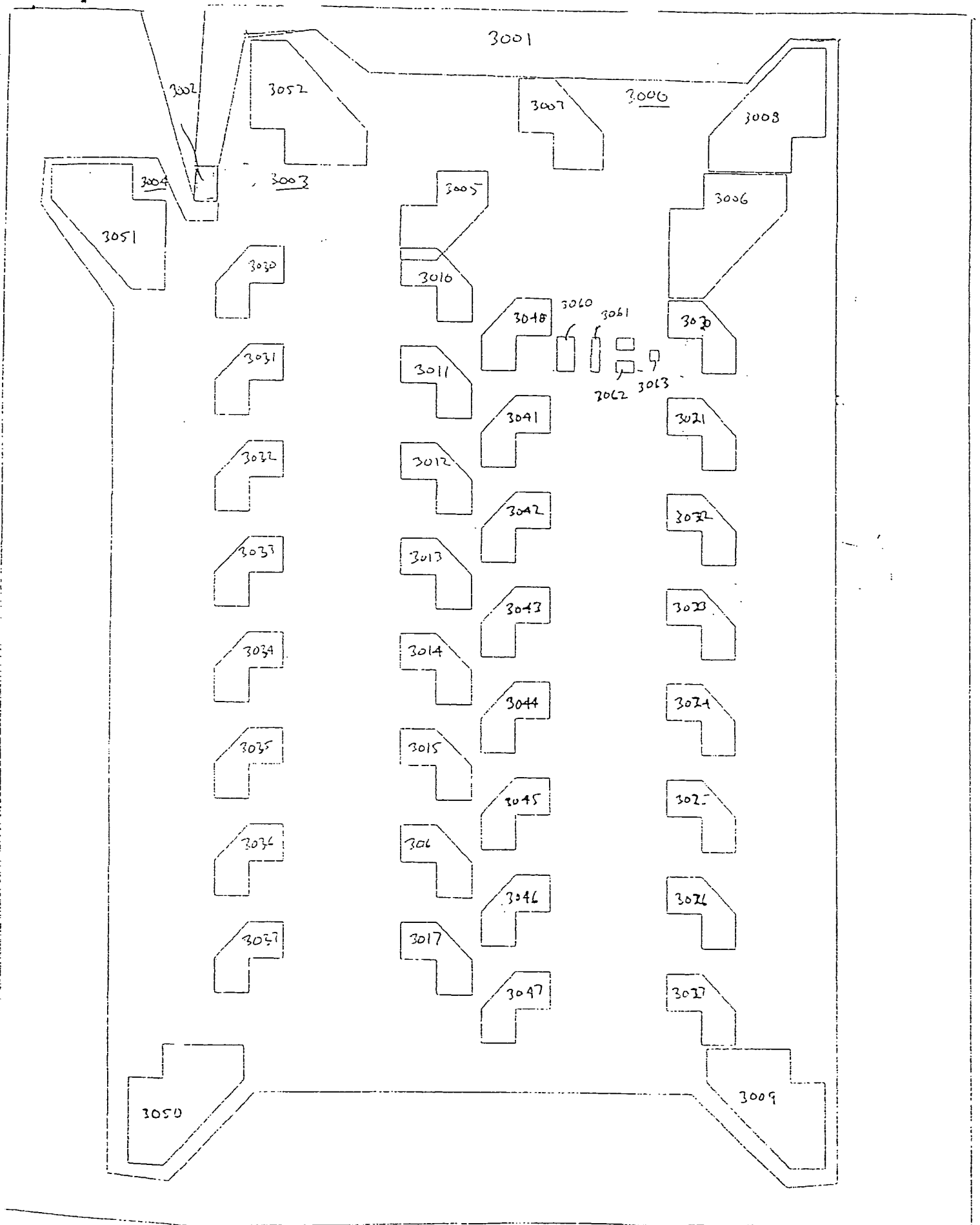


Fig. 28

Fig. 29.





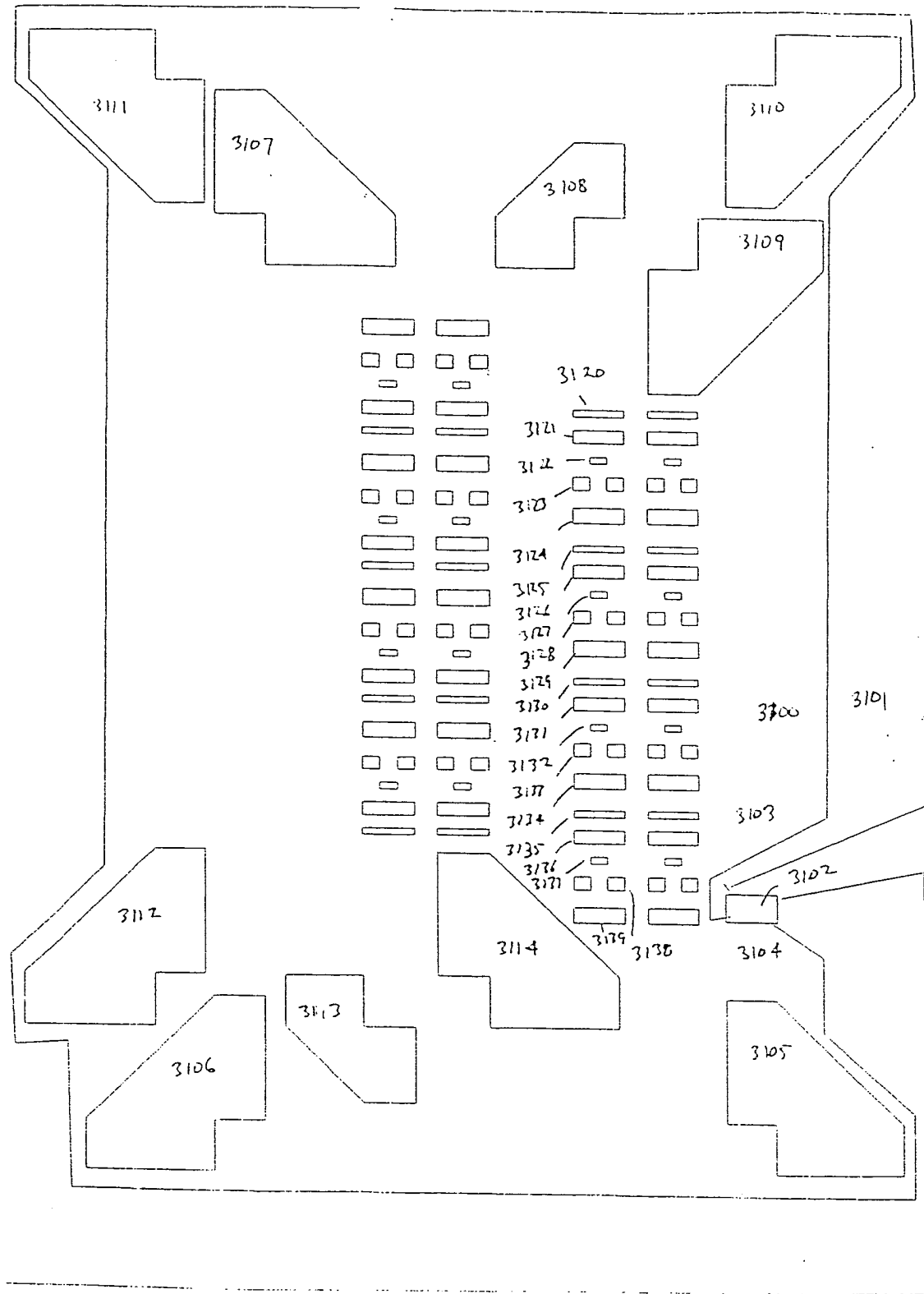


Fig. 31

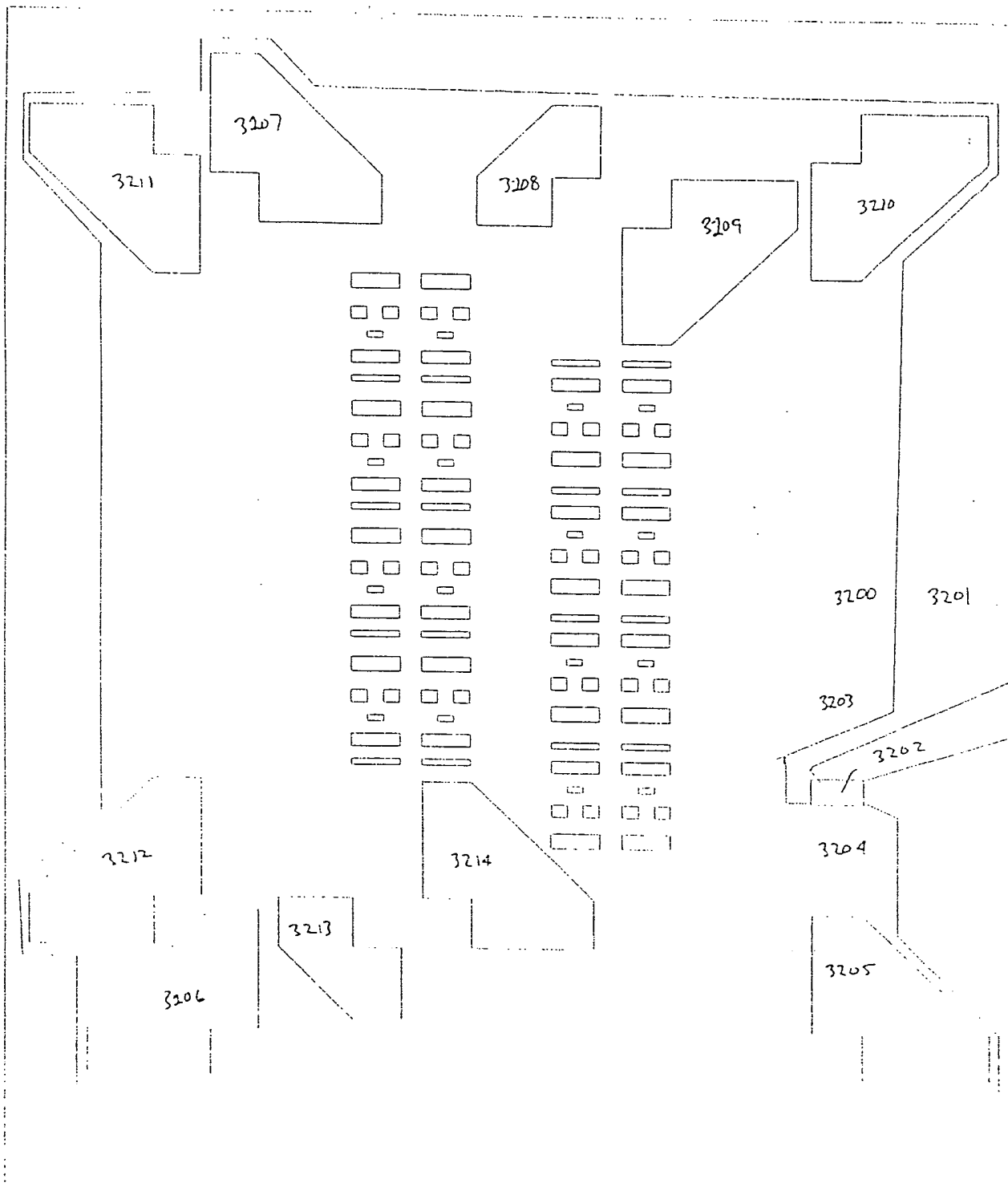


Fig. 32

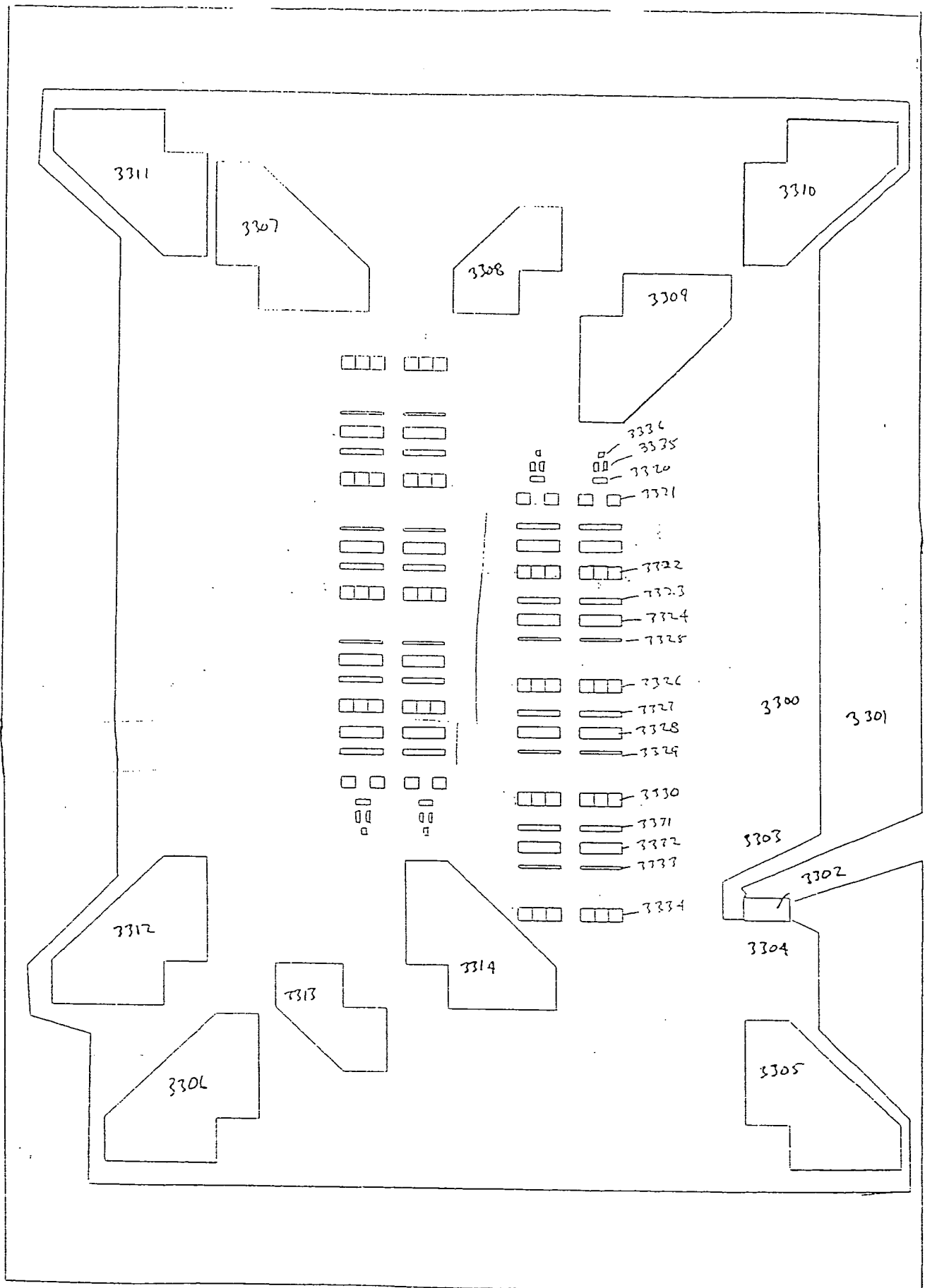
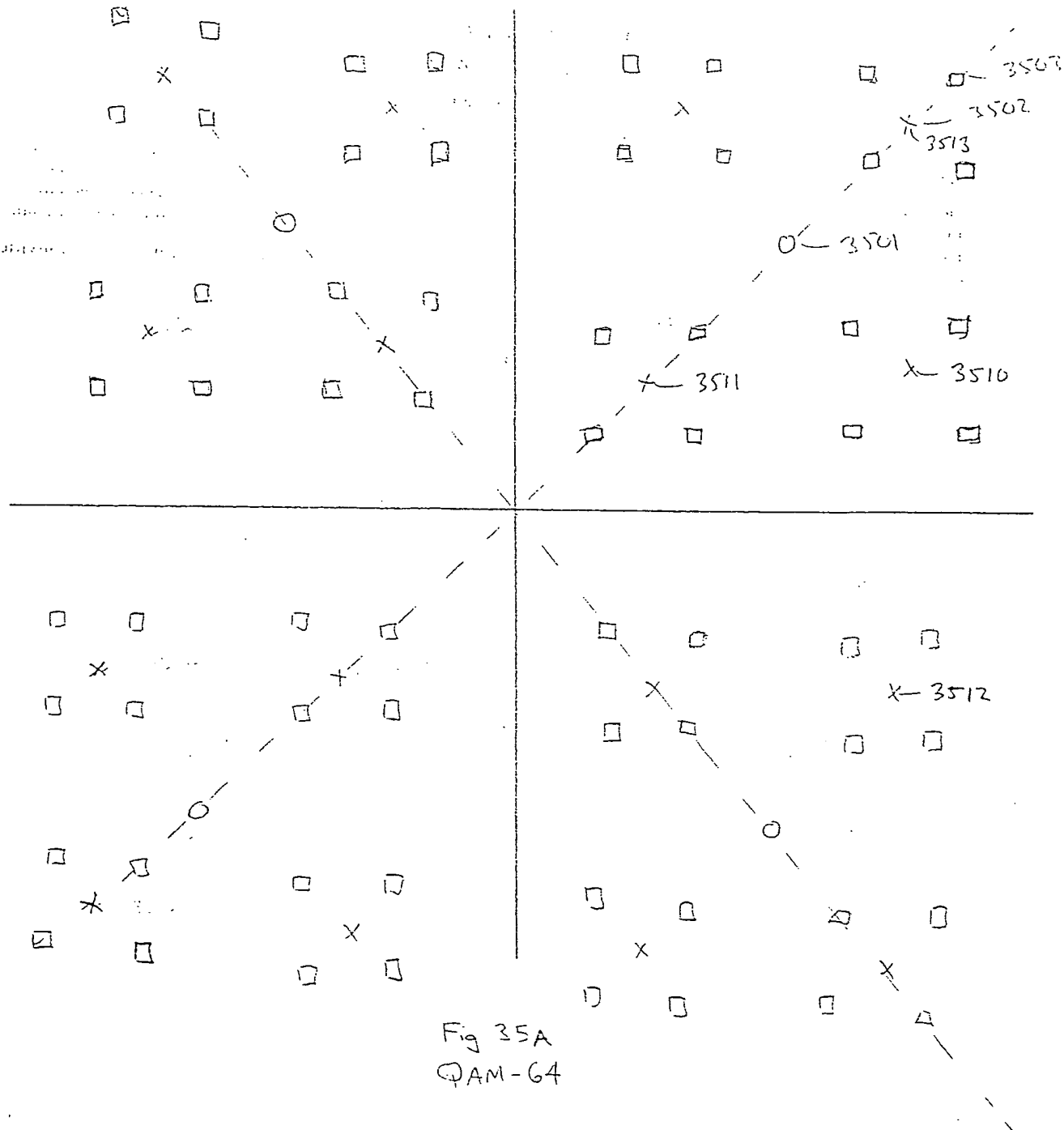


Fig. 33



Fig. 34



Phase				
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	+	+	-	-
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	+	-	+	-
result				

Phase Splitting
Fig. 35B